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13	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
14	FOR THE DISTRICT OF NEVADA	
15	MUSTAFA YOUSIF and SHARONE	Case No.: 2:16-cv-02941-RFB-NJK
16	WALKER on behalf of themselves and all	
	others similarly situated,	
17	Plaintiffs,	STIPULATION AND ORDER TO EXTEND
18	No.	TIME TO RESPOND TO PLAINTIFFS' MOTION FOR CLASS CERTIFICATION
	vs.	UNDER RULE 23 OF THE FEDERAL
19	LAS VEGAS SAND CORP.; THE	RULES OF CIVIL PROCEDURE
20	VENETIAN CASINO RESORT, LLC; and DOES 1 through 50, inclusive,	(First Request)
21		(1 iist Request)
21	Defendants.	
22		
23	Pursuant to Local Rules IA 6-1, IA 6-2 and LR 7-1, Defendant Venetian Casino Resort, LLC	
24	("Defendant"), and Plaintiffs Mustafa Yousif and Sharone Walker (collectively referred to as	
25	"Plaintiffs") hereby request a three-week extension of time, up to and including, May 13, 2019, for	
26	Defendant to file its Response to Plaintiffs' Motion for Class Certification. Plaintiffs filed their	
27	-	
	¹ Las Vegas Sands Corp. was dismissed from this matter on October 10, 2018. (ECF No. 113.)	
28	Lab regue builds corp. was distinssed from this matter on October 10, 2010. (ECT 10. 115.)	

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Motion for Class Certification on April 1, 2019 ("Motion"). (ECF No. 126.) The present deadline for Defendant to file its Response to the Motion is April 22, 2019. This is Defendant's first request for an extension of time to file its Response.

This Stipulation is not intended for delay, and is made in good faith so the parties may conclude a meet-and-confer regarding evidence submitted by Plaintiffs in support of their Motion. Specifically, Plaintiffs rely on the purported expert testimony of analyst James R. Toney in their Motion. (ECF No. 126, p. 26.) However, Defendants believe that Plaintiffs should have disclosed Mr. Toney as a witness under Fed. R. Civ. Pro. 26(a)(1), or as an expert witness under Fed. R. Civ. Pro. 26(a)(2), prior to using his testimony in support of their Motion. "Expert reports are required in order to eliminate 'unfair surprise to the opposing party and [to conserve] resources." Williams v. University Medical Center of Southern Nev., 2010 WL 2802214 (D. Nev. July 14, 2010) (citing Elgas v. Colorado Belle Corp., 179 F.R.D. 296, 299 (D. Nev. 1998)). Further, while the original Discovery Plan and Scheduling Order ("DPSO") did not set a date for disclosure of experts or the close of discovery, it did set forth a two-phase discovery structure whereby the first phase of discovery "will focus on the appropriate scope of any motion for conditional and/or class certification and Plaintiffs' individual claims for all (3) classes." (ECF No. 42 at section G.) Because Plaintiffs knew they would use Mr. Toney's analysis in their Motion for Class Certification, it was within the scope of discovery and should have been disclosed under the DPSO. Moreover, at the class certification stage, any proffered expert testimony must undergo an analysis under Daubert v. Merrell Dow Pharmaceuticals, Inc., 509 U.S. 579, 591, 113 S. Ct. 2786 (1993) to test the evidence for scientific reliability and relevance. See Ellis v. Costco Wholesale Corp., 657 F.3d 970, 982 (9th Cir. 2011). Plaintiffs' failure to disclose Mr. Toney or his report deprived Defendants of the opportunity to depose Mr. Toney and to test the reliance of his opinions. See Brown v. Wal-Mart Store, Inc., 2018 WL 2011935 (N. D. Cal. 2018) (Court reiterated that Wal-Mart's failure to disclose the identities of fifteen declarants before filing an opposition to Plaintiff's motion for class certification "deprived [Plaintiffs] of the opportunity to depose these declarants" and that the exclusion of this evidence was justified (noting that the Ninth Circuit upheld the imposition of that sanction on appeal).)

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Plaintiffs disagree due to the facts that (1) no expert disclosure deadline has been set by the Court, and (2) no trial dates have been set. See Torres v. White, 685 F. Supp. 2d 1283, 1286 (N.D. Okla. 2010) ("Plaintiff's expert report was timely disclosed under the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure as this court did not set a specific time frame for the identification of expert witnesses or the exchange of witness reports. Absent a specific date set by the court or a stipulation by the parties, Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(b)(2)(C)(i) dictates that disclosure of experts must be made 90 days before trial. Since there was no trial date set in this matter, plaintiff's disclosure was timely."); see also, Minebea Co. Ltd. v. Papst, 231 F.R.D. 3, 6-7 (D.D.C. 2005) ("Purpose of rule requiring that expert reports be disclosed at least 90 days before the trial date or as directed by the court is to prevent unfair surprise at trial and to permit the opposing party to prepare rebuttal reports, to depose the expert in advance of trial, and to prepare for depositions and cross-examination at trial.").

On April 9, 2019, Defendant's counsel contacted Plaintiffs' counsel to meet-and-confer regarding Plaintiffs' reliance on Mr. Toney's testimony, their failure to disclose him as a witness, and their failure to disclose his expert report. Counsel for Plaintiffs responded that they do not believe they were required to disclose Mr. Toney prior to relying on his expert testimony but that they would provide a position on the propriety of Mr. Toney's analysis by Friday, April 12, 2019 or Monday, April 15, 2019. Counsel also stated they would be available to discuss this matter after Defendants' counsel has had an opportunity to review their response. On April 15, 2019, Plaintiffs' counsel sent correspondence to Defendant's counsel regarding why it did not believe an expert disclosure prior to filing their Motion was required. Further, Plaintiffs' counsel indicated that they anticipated providing Defendant with Plaintiffs' Expert Disclosure for Mr. Toney "likely before the end of the week, 4/19/19".

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